

## 2019-20 Senior Year Timeline

### RESEARCH, PLAN, PREPARE

- Review your career plans and decide which type of school is right for you
  - Community college (vocational certificate, associate degree or transfer preparation)
  - Vocational/Technical Institute
  - 4-year University for a Bachelor's Degree
- Narrow your college interests to a list of at least four schools (apply broadly)
  - Review websites for information
  - Major/program of interest available? And a couple more?
  - Campus visit or virtual tours
  - Talk to admissions representatives (at school or on the phone)
- Create an email address that is appropriate for college contact
  - jane.doe@gmail.com is GOOD
  - hunkaburningprettythang@yahoo.com is NOT good
- Make a list of important dates and put them in your planner/cell phone
  - Tests: be aware of testing dates, fees, and registration deadlines
  - Admission application deadlines
- Review your transcripts for accuracy (grades, online courses)

### October – November: APPLY FOR ADMISSION

- Begin filling out your admission applications online
- Ask for letters of recommendation
  - Definitely required for scholarship applications
  - At LEAST 2 weeks notice to letter writers (more is better)
- Work on personal essays - have a counselor/advisor review your essay
  - Community college/vo-tech schools: use essay for scholarships
- Attend Senior/Financial Aid Info night at your school & do EFC estimator
- Research financial aid/scholarship process for each of your colleges
  - Free Application for Federal Student Aid– EVERYONE
  - Put deadlines into your planner/cell phone
- Submit application for admission –Make sure your counselor reviews your application before you submit!!!! (print confirmation of application submission)
  - Community college online applications are free
- FAFSA (Free Application for Federal Student Aid)
  - Parents will need to be involved. Talk to your counselor if parent involvement is not possible.
  - Start by making a parent FSA ID and a Student FSA ID –these ID's are used to start them application and sign the application at the end.
  - October 1<sup>st</sup> first day to submit FAFSA
  - Make sure you submit correct year (2018 taxes for this year's application)
  - CHECK OFTEN

### **December – January – February: MONEY, MONEY, MONEY!!!**

- On-Campus Housing application available at some schools – apply early
- Scholarships deadlines **start** - Keep copies of all scholarship applications
- Create a personalized web portal for each school to which you have applied - keep a log of usernames and passwords for each college
- Review your college choices – do they still interest you?
  - Have your career/interests changed significantly since fall?
- Register for required assessment tests for college class placement (UC & private schools)

### **March – April – May – Summer: DECISIONS and FOLLOW THROUGH**

- March 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> CRITICAL financial aid/scholarship deadlines
  - March 1<sup>st</sup> @ 5 PM: Ford Family Foundation Scholarship application due
  - March 2<sup>nd</sup>: FAFSA deadline for CalGrant (worth between \$10,800 to \$38,800)
  - March 5<sup>th</sup>: McConnell Scholars Scholarship application due
  - March 15<sup>th</sup>: Siskiyou Promise Application Due (COS scholarship)
- Check your email and student portals (check weekly at a minimum; deadlines are FIRM)
  - Mid-March: admissions decisions posted and emailed
  - Financial Aid: Selected for “verification”? Submit required additional documentation. Keep copies of everything you submit to the financial aid office.
  - Housing: deadlines are often earlier than you think they are, be ready to send deposit.
- If you are attending COS make sure to attend SOAR orientations at EHS in April and May
- Community college steps to “matriculation” (getting enrolled)
  - Go to an orientation – meet with a counselor at the college you are interested in
  - Register for classes
- Take assessment tests as required (UC & private schools)
- Make FAFSA corrections (make sure the schools you are interested in are listed on your FAFSA)
- Compare financial aid awards/offers from each campus
- May 1<sup>st</sup>: Decide and accept admissions to your chosen school
  - Register for summer orientation program at your intended college
- July 15<sup>th</sup>: college must receive official transcripts from high school (and community college)
  - You have to ask for these to be sent

# BEYOND THE NUMBERS: COMPREHENSIVE REVIEW

The University of California has a strong commitment to admitting and enrolling a student body that is both highly qualified and diverse. We read all applications with a sensitive awareness to the applicant's personal experiences, family background and potential to add to the rich and dynamic texture of our campuses. We recognize individual circumstances and consider the unique educational contexts and life experiences of all students.

## COMPREHENSIVE REVIEW

Using a process called comprehensive review, the nine University of California undergraduate campuses look beyond grades and test scores to evaluate students' academic achievements in light of the opportunities available to them, and their demonstrated capacity to contribute to the vitality and intellectual life at UC.

Since UC campuses receive more qualified applicants than they can admit and enroll, campuses look for students who go above and beyond UC's minimum admissions requirements (completing the UC subject requirements in high school with at least a 3.0 grade point average). Comprehensive review allows campuses to evaluate students within their own applicant pools and select the applicants who would be best suited to their campuses.

To guide the campuses in their comprehensive review of applicants, faculty from across the UC system developed 14 factors that all campuses consider when reading freshman applications. Based on campus-specific institutional goals and needs, the specific evaluation process and weight given to each factor differ from campus to campus, year to year. The admissions website for each campus has information on its specific selection process.

## PREPARATION

UC has established a set of minimum requirements to ensure students are prepared for college-level work. However, when there are more applicants meeting those minimum requirements than there are spaces available at a given campus, students whose work exceeds the minimum have a better chance of being admitted.

**What can students do to increase their chances at admission?**

- Take a challenging course schedule and perform well
- Take advantage of other academic opportunities
- Take initiative in pursuing passions and interests
- Get involved in activities at school and in the community
- Explore leadership opportunities at school, in activities, in the family and in the community

Given the comprehensive review process, it is important that students use the personal statement and other portions of the application to explain their unique individual circumstances.

## HOLISTIC REVIEW

Most of the UC campuses employ a method of comprehensive review called holistic review, whereby campus admissions offices evaluate applications based on the totality of the 14 factors. In other words, no single factor plays a deciding role in how an applicant is evaluated.

## APPLY BROADLY

Prospective students are encouraged to apply to multiple campuses with varying selectivity in the University of California system. This will help increase their chances of being admitted to the system. All of our campuses — without exception — provide outstanding opportunities for them to learn and grow.

The statistics provided should be used as a general guide to selectivity, not as an absolute predictor of a student’s chance of admission.

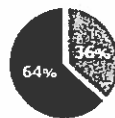
## Freshman admission profile

Fall 2012

CAMPUS	ADMIT RATE
Systemwide	.64%
Berkeley	.21%
Davis	.46%
Irvine	.36%
Los Angeles	.21%
Merced	.75%
Riverside	.62%
San Diego	.38%
Santa Barbara	.43%
Santa Cruz	.61%

Systemwide

Applications... 126,455  
 Admissions... 80,289  
 Admit Rate... 64%



Admitted California residents include:

First-Generation College... 42%  
 Low Family Income... 38%

## THE 14 FACTORS THE UC SYSTEM WEIGHS

1. Grade-point average
2. Test scores
3. Performance in and number of courses beyond minimum a-g requirements
4. UC-approved honors courses and advanced courses
5. Eligibility in the Local Context (ELC) – CA residents only
6. Quality of senior-year program of study
7. Academic opportunities in California high schools
8. Outstanding performance in one or more academic subject areas
9. Achievements in special projects
10. Improvement in academic performance
11. Special talents, achievements and awards
12. Participation in educational preparation programs
13. Academic accomplishment in light of life experiences
14. Geographic location

*Note: No single factor determines admission.*

Systemwide admissions information is available at <http://admission.universityofcalifornia.edu/>

Apply at [www.universityofcalifornia.edu/apply](http://www.universityofcalifornia.edu/apply)

## What Is WUE?

WUE is the Western Undergraduate Exchange, a program coordinated by the Western Interstate Commission for Higher Education (WICHE). Through WUE, students in Western states may enroll in participating two-year and four-year public college programs at a reduced tuition level: up to 150 percent of the institution's regular resident tuition. In all cases, WUE tuition is considerably less than nonresident tuition. For answers to many of the commonly asked questions about WUE, visit [wiche.edu/askwiche](http://wiche.edu/askwiche).

## Which States and U.S. Territories Participate?

Resident students from the following states and U.S. Territories may participate, if they meet eligibility requirements:

Alaska	Hawai'i	Oregon
Arizona	Idaho	South Dakota
California	Montana	Utah
Colorado	Nevada	Washington
CNMI*	New Mexico	Wyoming
Guam	North Dakota	

## Eligibility

Many institutions require evidence of academic performance, such as ACT/SAT test scores or high school GPA, or place other conditions on WUE enrollment. Consult the WUE website for details.

## Programs Available

Virtually all undergraduate fields are available to WUE students at one or more of the participating colleges and universities. Some institutions have opened their entire curriculum on a space-available or first-come, first-served basis. Others offer only designated programs at the discounted WUE rate. To learn about the wide array of programs available, consult the WUE Savings Finder at [wuesavingsfinder.wiche.edu](http://wuesavingsfinder.wiche.edu). For additional details, follow the links to the enrolling institutions' websites.

## Application and Admission

Apply directly to the institution(s) of your choice for admission and WUE tuition status. **Mark prominently on the institution's application form that you seek admission as a WUE student.**

## More Information

Information about specific programs offered through WUE can be obtained from the admissions office of participating institutions. Information about student eligibility and the operation of the program in any state may be obtained from the state contact offices listed on page four of this handout.

\* Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands

## ALASKA

### FOUR-YEAR INSTITUTIONS

University of Alaska Anchorage  
University of Alaska Fairbanks  
University of Alaska Southeast

Note: Check with UAA to confirm which branch campuses participate.

## ARIZONA

### TWO-YEAR INSTITUTIONS

Arizona Western College  
Central Arizona College  
Chandler-Gilbert Community College  
Cochise College  
Coconino Community College  
Eastern Arizona College  
Estrella Mountain Community College  
Gateway Community College  
Glendale Community College  
Mesa Community College  
Mohave Community College  
Northland Pioneer College  
Paradise Valley Community College  
Phoenix College  
Pima Community College  
Rio Salado College  
Scottsdale Community College  
South Mountain Community College  
Yavapai College

### FOUR-YEAR INSTITUTIONS

Arizona State University, Downtown Campus  
Arizona State University, Polytechnic Campus  
Arizona State University, West Campus  
Northern Arizona University  
Northern Arizona University Yuma  
University of Arizona  
University of Arizona South

## CALIFORNIA

### FOUR-YEAR INSTITUTIONS

California State Polytechnic University, Pomona  
California State University, Bakersfield  
California State University, Channel Islands  
California State University, Chico  
California State University, Dominguez Hills  
California State University, East Bay  
California State University, Maritime Academy  
California State University, Northridge  
California State University, Sacramento  
California State University, San Bernardino  
California State University, San Marcos  
California State University, Stanislaus  
Humboldt State University  
Sonoma State University  
University of California, Merced

## COLORADO

### TWO-YEAR INSTITUTIONS

Aims Community College  
Arapahoe Community College  
Colorado Mountain College  
Colorado Northwestern Community College  
Community College of Aurora  
Community College of Denver  
Front Range Community College  
Lamar Community College  
Morgan Community College  
Northeastern Junior College  
Otero Junior College  
Pikes Peak Community College  
Pueblo Community College  
Red Rocks Community College  
Trinidad State Junior College

### FOUR-YEAR INSTITUTIONS

Adams State University  
Colorado Mesa University  
Colorado State University  
Colorado State University, Pueblo  
Fort Lewis College  
Metropolitan State University of Denver  
University of Colorado at Colorado Springs  
University of Colorado Denver  
University of Northern Colorado  
Western Colorado University

## **COMMONWEALTH OF THE NORTHERN MARIANA ISLANDS**

### **TWO-YEAR INSTITUTIONS**

Northern Marianas College

## **HAWAI'I**

### **FOUR-YEAR INSTITUTIONS**

University of Hawai'i at Hilo  
University of Hawai'i at Mānoa  
University of Hawai'i Maui College  
University of Hawai'i - West Oahu

## **IDAHO**



### **TWO-YEAR INSTITUTIONS**

College of Southern Idaho  
North Idaho College

### **FOUR-YEAR INSTITUTIONS**

Boise State University  
Idaho State University  
Lewis-Clark State College  
University of Idaho

## **MONTANA**

### **TWO-YEAR INSTITUTIONS**

Dawson Community College  
Flathead Valley Community College  
Great Falls College Montana State  
University  
Helena College University of Montana  
Highlands College of Montana Tech  
Miles Community College

### **FOUR-YEAR INSTITUTIONS**

Montana State University - Billings  
Montana State University - Bozeman  
Montana State University - Northern  
Montana Tech of the University of  
Montana  
The University of Montana  
The University of Montana - Western

## **NEVADA**

### **TWO-YEAR INSTITUTIONS**

College of Southern Nevada  
Great Basin College  
Truckee Meadows Community College  
Western Nevada College

### **FOUR-YEAR INSTITUTIONS**

Nevada State College  
University of Nevada, Las Vegas  
University of Nevada, Reno

## **NEW MEXICO**

### **TWO-YEAR INSTITUTIONS**

Eastern New Mexico University - Roswell  
New Mexico Junior College  
New Mexico Military Institute  
New Mexico State University -  
Alamogordo  
Santa Fe Community College

### **FOUR-YEAR INSTITUTIONS**

Eastern New Mexico University - Portales  
New Mexico Highlands University  
New Mexico Institute of Mining and  
Technology  
New Mexico State University  
Northern New Mexico College  
The University of New Mexico  
Western New Mexico University

## **NORTH DAKOTA**

### **TWO-YEAR INSTITUTIONS**

Bismarck State College  
Dakota College at Bottineau  
Lake Region State College  
North Dakota State College of Science  
Williston State College

### **FOUR-YEAR INSTITUTIONS**

Dickinson State University  
Mayville State University  
Minot State University  
North Dakota State University  
University of North Dakota  
Valley City State University

## **OREGON**

### **TWO-YEAR INSTITUTIONS**

Klamath Community College

### **FOUR-YEAR INSTITUTIONS**

Eastern Oregon University  
Oregon Institute of Technology  
Portland State University  
Southern Oregon University  
Western Oregon University



## **SOUTH DAKOTA**

Associate degree programs, available at most South Dakota universities, are open to WUE students, as are baccalaureate programs.

### **FOUR-YEAR INSTITUTIONS**

Black Hills State University  
Dakota State University  
Northern State University  
South Dakota School of Mines &  
Technology  
South Dakota State University  
University of South Dakota

## **UTAH**

### **TWO-YEAR INSTITUTIONS**

Salt Lake Community College  
Snow College  
Utah State University Eastern

### **FOUR-YEAR INSTITUTIONS**

Dixie State University  
Southern Utah University  
The University of Utah  
Utah State University  
Utah Valley University  
Weber State University

## **WASHINGTON**

### **TWO-YEAR INSTITUTIONS**

Grays Harbor College  
Spokane Community College  
Spokane Falls Community College

### **FOUR-YEAR INSTITUTIONS**

Central Washington University  
Eastern Washington University  
The Evergreen State College  
Washington State University, Pullman  
Washington State University, Tri-Cities  
Washington State University, Vancouver  
Western Washington University

## **WYOMING**

### **TWO-YEAR INSTITUTIONS**

Casper College  
Central Wyoming College  
Eastern Wyoming College  
Gillette College  
Laramie County Community College  
Northwest College  
Sheridan College  
Western Wyoming Community College

### **FOUR-YEAR INSTITUTION**

University of Wyoming

## 2020-2021 CSU Undergraduate Impacted Programs Matrix

	Bakersfield	Channel Islands	Chico	Dominguez Hills	East Bay	Fresno*	Fullerton*	Humboldt	Long Beach*	Los Angeles*	Maritime Academy N	Monterey Bay	Northridge	Pomona	Sacramento	San Bernardino	San Diego*	San Francisco	San Jose*	San Luis Obispo*	San Marcos	Sonoma	Stanislaus
Apparel Design & Merchandising														O	O			O					
Architecture														I						I			
Art	O	O	O	O	O	I	I	O	I	I		O	O	O	O	O	I	N	I	I	O	O	O
Biological Sciences**	O	O	O	O	O	I	I	N	I	I		I	I	I	I	O	I	O	I	I	I	I	O
Business	O	O	O	O	O	I	I	O	I	I	O	I	N	N	I	O	I	N	I	I	I	I	O
Chemistry/Biochemistry	O	O	O	O	O	I	I	O	I	I			O	I	O	O	I	O	I	I	O	O	O
Child/Human Development	O		O	O	O	I	I	O	I	I		O	O		O	O	I	O	I	I	O	N	O
Communication	O	O	O	O	O	I	I	O	I	I		O	I	I	O	O	I	O	I	I	I	I	O
Computer Science	O	O	O	O	O	I	I	O	I	I		I	O	I	O	O	I	O	I	I	O	O	O
Criminology/Criminal Justice	O		O	O	O	I	I	O	I	I			O		I	I	I	O	I	I	O	I	O
Economics	O	O	O	O	O	I	I	O	I	I		O	O	O	O	O	I	O	I	I	O	O	O
Engineering	O	I	O	O	O	I	I	O	I	I	I		O	N	O	O	I	O	I	I	I	O	O
English	O	O	O	O	O	I	I	O	I	I		O	O	O	O	O	I	O	I	I	O	O	O
Environmental Studies/Sciences	O	O	O		O			N				N		N	O	O	I	O	I	I	O	I	O
Family & Consumer Sciences						I			I				O		O			O					
Film & Electronic Arts/Cinema							I	O	I	I		O	I		O			O					
Food & Nutrition/Dietetics			O			I			I	I			O	O	O	O	I	I	I	I			
Graphic Design			O	O	O	I	I		I	I		O	O	O	I	O	I	N	I	I			
Health Science/Education	O	O	O	O	O	I	I		I	I			I	O	I	O	I	I	I				
History	O	O	O	O	O	I	I	O	I	I		O	O	O	O	O	I	O	I	I	O	O	O
Hospitality & Tourism			O	O	O			I				O	O	O		O	I	O	I	I			
Information Systems	O		O	O	O	I	I		I	I		O	O	O	O	O	I	O	I	I	O		O
Interior Design			O			I			I						O		I	O	I				
International Business (B.A.)							I										I						
Journalism/Mass Communications			O	O	O	I	I	O	I			O	O	O	O		I	O	I	I	I		
Kinesiology/Physical Education	O		O	O	O	I	I	O	I	I		I	I	I	O	N	I	I	I	I	I	I	O
Liberal Studies	O	O	O	O	O	I	I	O	I	I		O	O	O	O	O	I	O	I	I	O	N	O
Marine Transportation											I												
Music	O		N	O	O	I	I	O	I	I		O	I	N	O	O	I	O	I	I		O	O
Nursing, Basic	I	I	I		I	I	I		I	I					I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I
Nursing, RN to BSN	I	O	O	O	O	I	I		I	I			O		O	O	I	O	I		O	I	O
Occupational Therapy				O																			
Oceanography								O			O									I			
Physics	O	O	O	O	O	O	I	O	I	I		O	O	I	O	O	I	O	I	I	O	O	O
Political Science	O	O	O	O	O	I	I	O	I	I		O	O	O	O	O	I	O	I	I	O	O	O
Psychology	O	O	O	O	O	I	I	O	I	I		I	I	O	I	O	I	I	I	I	O	I	O
Public Administration	O		O	O	O	I	I		I	I			O			O	I		I			O	O
Radio-Television & Film			O	O	O	I	I		I			O	O				I	O	I				
Social Science			O				I	O		I		O		O	O	O	I		I	I	O		O
Social Work			I			I		I	I	I		O		O	O	N	I	I	I				
Sociology	O	O	O	O	O	I	I	O	I	I		O	O	O	O	O	I	O	I	I	O	I	O
Spanish	O	O	O	O	O	I	I	O	I	I		O	O	O	O	O	I	O	I	I	O	O	O
Theater/Performing Arts	O	O	O	O	O	I	I	O	I	I		O	O	O	O	O	I	O	I	I	O	O	O
Undeclared							I		I	I		I					I	N	I				

Codes: \* = All programs are impacted      I = Programs Impacted at the campus      N = See notes for the campus on the next page  
 O = Programs offered at the campus but not impacted      □ = A blank cell indicates that the program is not offered at this campus  
 \*\*Biological Sciences should include Biology, Biotechnology, Microbiology, and Medical Technology

## Notes for First Time Freshmen (FTF) and Upper Division Transfers (UDT)

**Bakersfield:** Impacted for FTF and UDT in nursing (basic) and the RN to BSN nursing programs.

**Channel Islands:** Impacted for FTF and UDT in the nursing (basic) program and for FTF in the mechatronics program.

**Chico:** Impacted for FTF and UDT, and programs in nursing (basic), social work, and option in recording arts (BA in Music).

**Dominguez Hills:** No campus impactation for FTF or UDT.

**East Bay:** Impacted for FTF and UDT and in the nursing (basic) program.

**Fresno:** Impacted for FTF and UDT, and in all undergraduate programs, pre-programs, undeclared/undecided programs.

**Fullerton:** Impacted for FTF and UDT, and in all undergraduate programs, pre-programs, undeclared/undecided programs.

**Humboldt:** No campus impactation for FTF or UDT. Impacted undergraduate programs in biology, botany, environmental science, social work, wildlife and zoology.

**Long Beach:** Impacted in all undergraduate programs, pre-programs for FTF and UDT and undeclared/undecided programs for FTF only.

**Los Angeles:** Impacted in all undergraduate programs, pre-programs for FTF and UDT and undeclared/undecided programs for FTF only.

**Maritime Academy:** Impacted in facilities engineering technology, marine engineering technology, marine transportation and mechanical engineering. New students in all majors must complete a physical examination and pass a health review prior to enrollment.

**Monterey Bay:** Impacted for FTF and UDT, and programs in biology (all options), business administration, computer science, environmental science, technology and policy (UDT only), marine science, kinesiology, mathematics (UDT only), psychology and undeclared/undecided.

**Northridge:** Impacted for FTF and UDT, and programs in accountancy, biology, business administration (insurance and financial services option), cinema & television arts, communication studies, finance, health sciences, kinesiology, music and psychology.

**Pomona:** Impacted for FTF and UDT, and programs in animal science, animal health science, architecture, biology, biotechnology, business administration (accounting option), chemistry, communication, computer science, environmental biology, engineering (aerospace, chemical, civil and computer), kinesiology (exercise science option and health promotions option), music (industry studies option) and physics.

**Sacramento:** Impacted for FTF and UDT, and programs in biological science, business administration (all options), criminal justice (general), graphic design (general), health science (all options), nursing (general), and psychology (general).

**San Bernardino:** Impacted for FTF and UDT, and programs in criminal justice (all options), kinesiology (pre-physical therapy), nursing (general), and social work (pre-social work).

**San Diego:** Impacted for FTF and UDT, and in all undergraduate programs, pre-programs, and undeclared/undecided programs.

**San Francisco:** Impacted in business administration (accounting), health education, industrial arts/design (all options), kinesiology (all options), nursing (general), psychology, social work, visual communication design, and undeclared/undecided (with an interest in nursing)

**San Jose:** Impacted for FTF and UDT, and in all undergraduate programs, pre-programs, and undeclared/undecided programs.

**San Luis Obispo:** Impacted for FTF and UDT in all undergraduate programs (and does not consider alternate majors).

**San Marcos:** Impacted for FTF and UDT, and programs in biological sciences, biotechnology, business administration, communication, electrical engineering, kinesiology, mass media, nursing (basic) and software engineering.

**Sonoma:** Impacted for FTF and programs in biology, business administration, communication studies, criminology and criminal justice studies, early childhood studies, environmental studies and planning (all options), human development, kinesiology (all options), liberal studies, nursing (pre-nursing and pre-licensure BSN), psychology, and sociology.

**Stanislaus:** Impacted for FTF and UDT in nursing (generic or basic) program.

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***Please go to [www2.calstate.edu/pages/ImpactionSearch.aspx](http://www2.calstate.edu/pages/ImpactionSearch.aspx) for the most accurate and up-to-date information regarding impacted campuses and programs at the CSU. To find all degrees/programs available by CSU campus, visit <http://degrees.calstate.edu>. Programs offered through CSU Extended Education may also be available at campuses and are not reflected in the matrix.***



# Senior Preview Days

## **Shasta College**

October 11th

If you would like to register, please contact Ryan Loughrey at [rloughrey@shastacollege.edu](mailto:rloughrey@shastacollege.edu) or at (530) 242-7656.

## **Oregon State University**

October 11th & November 2nd

<https://visitosu.oregonstate.edu/open-house-programs>

## **Oregon Technical Institute**

October 19th & 26th

<http://www.oit.edu/admissions/general-info/visit/preview>

## **Chico State University**

November 2nd

<https://www.csuchico.edu/admissions/chico-preview-day.shtml>

## **Humboldt State University**

November 8th

<https://admissions.humboldt.edu/fall-preview>

## **Southern Oregon University**

November 8th

<https://sou.edu/admissions/visit/preview-events/preview-weekends/>

\*Space can be limited so make sure to register for the preview days as soon as possible!

the 1990s, the number of people in the world who are illiterate has increased from 500 million to 600 million (UNESCO, 2003).

It is important to note that the illiterate population is not evenly distributed across the world.

Figure 1 shows the percentage of illiterate people in the world in 1990 and 2000.

As can be seen, the percentage of illiterate people in the world has increased from 12.5% in 1990 to 14.5% in 2000.

This increase is due to the fact that the number of illiterate people in the world has increased from 500 million in 1990 to 600 million in 2000.

Figure 2 shows the percentage of illiterate people in the world in 1990 and 2000, broken down by region.

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This increase is due to the fact that the number of illiterate people in the world has increased from 500 million in 1990 to 600 million in 2000.

Figure 3 shows the percentage of illiterate people in the world in 1990 and 2000, broken down by gender.

As can be seen, the percentage of illiterate people in the world has increased from 12.5% in 1990 to 14.5% in 2000.

This increase is due to the fact that the number of illiterate people in the world has increased from 500 million in 1990 to 600 million in 2000.

Figure 4 shows the percentage of illiterate people in the world in 1990 and 2000, broken down by age group.

As can be seen, the percentage of illiterate people in the world has increased from 12.5% in 1990 to 14.5% in 2000.

This increase is due to the fact that the number of illiterate people in the world has increased from 500 million in 1990 to 600 million in 2000.

Figure 5 shows the percentage of illiterate people in the world in 1990 and 2000, broken down by country.

As can be seen, the percentage of illiterate people in the world has increased from 12.5% in 1990 to 14.5% in 2000.

This increase is due to the fact that the number of illiterate people in the world has increased from 500 million in 1990 to 600 million in 2000.

Figure 6 shows the percentage of illiterate people in the world in 1990 and 2000, broken down by country.

As can be seen, the percentage of illiterate people in the world has increased from 12.5% in 1990 to 14.5% in 2000.

This increase is due to the fact that the number of illiterate people in the world has increased from 500 million in 1990 to 600 million in 2000.

Figure 7 shows the percentage of illiterate people in the world in 1990 and 2000, broken down by country.

As can be seen, the percentage of illiterate people in the world has increased from 12.5% in 1990 to 14.5% in 2000.

This increase is due to the fact that the number of illiterate people in the world has increased from 500 million in 1990 to 600 million in 2000.

Figure 8 shows the percentage of illiterate people in the world in 1990 and 2000, broken down by country.

As can be seen, the percentage of illiterate people in the world has increased from 12.5% in 1990 to 14.5% in 2000.

This increase is due to the fact that the number of illiterate people in the world has increased from 500 million in 1990 to 600 million in 2000.

Figure 9 shows the percentage of illiterate people in the world in 1990 and 2000, broken down by country.

As can be seen, the percentage of illiterate people in the world has increased from 12.5% in 1990 to 14.5% in 2000.